

Thomas Jefferson Elementary School

2011-2012 School Accountability Report Card

Roseville City Elementary School District

School Description and Mission Statement

Thomas lefferson Flementary School opened in 2004, Most classifications

Thomas Jefferson Elementary School opened in 2004. Most classrooms are together in a foursome sharing a pod space. We have a library, computer lab and multipurpose room. It is one of 18 schools in the Roseville City School District. Thomas Jefferson served approximately 620 students during the 2011-2012 school year. Roseville's Central Park in in phased construction, which is adjacent to our campus.

Thomas Jefferson Mission Statement

"Every student learns every day in order to maximize achievement for all."

Student Enrollment by Ethnic Group					
2011-12					
	Percentage				
African American	1.3%				
American Indian	1.0%				
Asian	13.8%				
Filipino	7.2%				
Hispanic or Latino	16.9%				
Pacific Islander	0.3%				
White	57.5%				
Two or More	1.9%				
None Reported	-				

School Address: 750 Central Park Dr.

> Roseville, CA 95678

District Address: 1050 Main St. Roseville, CA 95678

(916) 771-1600

Discipline & Climate for Learning

Students at Thomas Jefferson Elementary are guided by specific rules and classroom expectations that promote respect, safety, responsibility and acceptance of others. The goal of the Thomas Jefferson Elementary discipline program is to enable students to make choices and be responsible for themselves and their choices. Parents and students are informed of school rules and discipline policies through the Parent/Student handbook, classroom rules and school newsletters. The Suspensions and Expulsions table illustrates total cases for the last three years, as well as a percentage of enrollment. Suspensions are expressed in terms of total infractions, not number of students suspended, as some students may have been suspended on multiple occasions. Expulsions occur only when required by law or when all other alternatives are exhausted.

Suspensions & Expulsions									
	School				District				
	09-10	09-10 10-11 11-12			10-11	11-12			
Suspensions	4	25	12	381	405	313			
Suspension Rate	0.7%	4.1%	1.9%	4.0%	4.1%	3.2%			
Expulsions	0	0	0	7	6	11			
Expulsion Rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%			

Students are encouraged to participate in the school's additional academic and extracurricular activities, which are an integral part of the educational program. These schoolwide and classroom incentives promote positive attitudes, encourage achievement, and aid in the prevention of behavioral problems. Extracurricular activities, clubs, and programs include: school musical, math clubs and a jogging club. Our school recognizes and celebrates the achievements and successes of students and staff on a regular basis.

www.rcsdk8.org

Enrollment By Grade

The chart illustrates the enrollment trend by grade level for the past three school years.

Enrollment Trend by Grade Level						
	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12			
K	102	127	93			
1st	117	108	130			
2nd	101	115	112			
3rd	89	96	117			
4th	84	83	88			
5th	86	81	81			

Class Size

The table indicates the average class size by grade level or subject area, as well as the number of classes offered in reference to their enrollment.

	Class Size Distribution											
					(Class	roor	ns C	ontai	ning	:	
		veraç ass S		1-20 Students		21-32 Students		33+ Students		ıts		
	10	11	12	10	11	12	10	11	12	10	11	12
				Ву	Gra	de Le	evel					
K	-	24	21	-	-	4	-	5	-	-	-	-
1	-	23	21	-	3	4	-	2	3	-	-	-
2	-	21	22	-	1	4	-	5	1	-	-	-
3	-	22	23	-	4	2	-	-	3	-	-	-
4	-	33	34	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3
5	-	33	34	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2

Professional Development

In alignment with district and school goals, training and staff development are provided at both the district and individual school sites to administrators, teachers, and classified staff. The district offers three professional development days annually where staff is offered professional growth opportunities that correspond to student and teacher needs as identified through data analysis.

Counseling & Support Staff (School Year 2011-12)

It is the goal of Thomas Jefferson Elementary to assist students in their social and personal development as well as academics. The school gives special attention to students who experience achievement problems, have difficulty coping with personal and family problems, trouble with decision making, or handling peer pressure. The counselor to pupil ratio is 1:3094. The table lists the support service personnel available at Thomas Jefferson Elementary.

Counseling & Support Services Staff					
	Number of Staff	Full Time Equivalent			
Library Technician	1	1			
Nurse	1	.2			
Psychologist	1	.4			
Speech/Language/ Hearing Specialist	1	.7			

Teacher Assignment

Roseville City Elementary recruits and employs the most qualified credentialed teachers. Teacher misassignments reflect the number of

Teacher Credential Status							
		District					
	09-10	10-11	11-12	11-12			
Fully Credentialed	26	26	26	416			
Without Full Credentials	0	0	0	0			
Working Outside Subject	0	0	0	0			

placements within a school for which the certificated employee in the teaching or services position (including positions that involve teaching English Learners) does not hold a legally recognized certificate or credential. Teacher vacancies reflect the number of positions to which a single designated certificated employee has not been assigned at the beginning of the year for an entire year.

Note: "Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

Misassignments/Vacancies							
	10-11	11-12	12-13				
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	0	0	0				
Misassignments of Teachers (other)	0	0	0				
Total Misassignments of Teachers	0	0	0				
Vacant Teacher Positions	0	0	0				

Highly Qualified Teachers (School Year 2011-12)

The Federal No Child Left Behind Act requires that all teachers in core subject areas meet certain requirements in order to be considered as "Highly Qualified" no later than the end of the 2006-07 school year. Minimum qualifications include: possession of a Bachelor's Degree, possession of an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated competence in core academic subjects.

For more information, see the CDE Improving Teacher and Principal Quality Web page at: http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/.

Note: High-poverty schools have student eligibility of approximately 40 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals program. Low-poverty schools have student eligibility of approximately 25 percent or less.

NCLB Compliant Teachers						
	% of Core Academic Courses Taught By NCLB Compliant Teachers	% of Core Academic Courses Taught By Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers				
School	100.0%	0.0%				
District	99.8%	0.2%				
High-Poverty Schools in District	100.0%	0.0%				
Low-Poverty Schools in District	100.0%	0.0%				

Opportunities for Parental Involvement

Parents are active members of School Site Council and also have opportunities to participate on district- wide committees. Our Parent Teacher Club is led by an elected PTC board of officers and committee chairpeople. PTC elections are held in the spring for the following school year. All families are encouraged to join the PTC. Multiple opportunities to volunteer are advertised in our monthly newsletter, on the school marquee and through the PTC newsletter.

Thomas Jefferson dads participate in various functions as a branch of the Parent Teacher Club and meet monthly to plan fundraisers and other school events. We have an ELAC, English Learners Advisory Committee, which makes recommendations on the English Language Learners program and meets quarterly.

Contact Information

Parents or community members who wish to participate in leadership teams, school committees, school activities, or become a volunteer may contact the Thomas Jefferson Elementary at 916-771-1840.

Instructional Materials (School Year 2012-13)

Roseville City Elementary held a public hearing on September 20, 2012 and determined that each school within the district had sufficient and good quality textbooks, instructional materials, or science lab equipment pursuant to the settlement of Williams vs. the State of California. All students, including English learners, are given their own individual standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials, or both, in core subjects for use in the classroom and to take home. Textbooks and supplementary materials are adopted according to a cycle developed by the California Department of Education, making the textbooks used in the school the most current available. Materials approved for use by the State are reviewed by all teachers and a recommendation is made to the School Board by a selection committee composed of teachers and administrators. All recommended materials are available for parent examination at the district office prior to adoption. The table displays information collected in October, 2012 about the quality, currency, and availability of the standards-aligned textbooks and other instructional materials used at the school.

	District-Adopted Textbooks								
Grade Levels	Subject	Publisher	Adoption Year	Sufficient	% Lacking				
K-5	History/Social Science	Pearson Scott Foresman	2007	Yes	0.0%				
K-5	Mathematics	MacMillan/ McGraw Hill	2009	Yes	0.0%				
K-5	Reading/ Language Arts	Open Court	2003	Yes	0.0%				
K-5	Science	MacMillan/ McGraw Hill	2008	Yes	0.0%				

Additional Internet Access/Public Libraries

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible (e.g., the California State Library). Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements

School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvement (School Year 2011-2012)

General

The District takes great efforts to ensure that all schools are clean, safe, and functional. To assist in this effort, the District uses a facility survey instrument developed by the State of California Office of Public School Construction. The results of this survey are available at the school office.

Maintenance and Repairs

District maintenance staff ensures that the repairs necessary to keep the school in good repair and working order are completed in a timely manner. A work order process is used to ensure efficient service and that emergency repairs are given the highest priority. The District annually inspects wheelchair lifts, tests fire extinguishers, inspects and services all playground backboards, replaces bark on playgrounds and landscaping, and services HVAC units.

School Facility Good Repair Status

The inspection included a check of possible gas leaks, mechanical systems, interior and exterior doors and windows, interior surface areas, structural damage, electrical, playground equipment, and hazardous materials. In all areas this school passed inspection.

Overall Summary of School Facilities Good Repair Status

Overall Summary – Exemplary

Cleaning Process and Schedule

The District has adopted cleaning standards for all schools in the District. The principal works daily with the custodial staff to develop cleaning schedules to ensure a clean and safe school.

Deferred Maintenance Budget:

The District participates in the State School Deferred Maintenance Program, which provides state matching funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis, to assist school districts with expenditures for major repairs or replacement of existing school building components.

School Facility Conditions							
Date	of Last I	nspectio	n: 11/25/	2009			
Overall Summary of School Facility Conditions: Exemplary							
Items Inspected	Facility Component System Status			Deficiency & Remedial Actions Taken or Planned			
	Good	Fair	Poor				
Systems (Gas Leaks, Mech/ HVAC, Sewer)	Х						
Interior	Х						
Cleanliness (Overall Cleanliness, Pest/Vermin Infestation)	Х						
Electrical	Х						
Restrooms/Fountains	Х						
Safety (Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials)	Х						
Structural (Structural Damage, Roofs)	Х						
External (Grounds, Windows, Doors, Gates, Fences)	Х						

Typically, this includes roofing, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical systems, interior or exterior painting, and floor systems. Since 2008-2009 the State has suspended the program due to State Budget Reductions. The District still maintains it's own program. For the 2011-2012 year, the district expensed \$234,110 for the deferred maintenance program.

School Safety Plan

Thomas Jefferson has a comprehensive school safety plan. Within this plan, a Crisis Response Plan is in place with staff members assigned to Crisis Response Roles in the event of an emergency. Evacuation routes are designated and posted in all classrooms and office areas. The safety plan is reviewed yearly by staff and School Site Council, this year in January and February of 2011. Safety drills occur monthly for students and staff practice. A school safety survey was distributed to all students and parents. Results were analyzed by the Safety Committee and School Site Council. Goals were created in the area of increased safety education opportunities for students and families as well as increased communication regarding emergency procedures. Facility safety checks are done regularly by the site custodian staff and addressed through appropriate repairs. The district organized facility safety team inspects and reports any concerns. All items were attended to from their report.

Systems are in place to attend to students' physical and emotional safety. A district nurse is assigned to the school and is available by phone in case of emergency or to follow up on student health issues.

Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is a score on a scale of 200 to 1,000 that annually measures the academic performance and progress of individual schools in California. The state has set 800 as the API score that schools should strive to meet.

Statewide Rank: Schools receiving an API Base score are ranked in ten categories of equal size (deciles) from 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest), according to type of school (elementary, middle, or high school).

Similar Schools Rank: Schools also receive a ranking that compares that school to 100 other schools with similar demographic characteristics. Each set of 100 schools is ranked by API score from 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) to indicate how well the school performed compared to similar schools

The first table displays the school's API ranks and actual API point changes by student group for the past three years. The second table displays, by student group, the most recent Growth API at the school, district, and state level.

API School Results							
	2009	2010	2011				
Statewide	9	9	9				
Similar Schools	7	8	6				
Group	09-10	10-11	11-12				
All Students at the School							
Actual API Change	13	14	-5				
Hisp	anic or La	tino					
Actual API Change	-	-	-3				
	White						
Actual API Change	7	16	2				
Socioecono	mically Dis	advantage	d				
Actual API Change	59	2	8				

2012 Growth API Comparison								
	School		Dist	rict	State			
	Number of Students	Growth Score	Number of Students	Growth Score	Number of Students	Growth Score		
All Students at the School	388	909	7,374	881	4,664,264	788		
Asian	59	928	551	942	404,670	905		
Filipino	29	893	345	923	124,824	869		
Hispanic or Latino	72	887	1,461	804	2,425,230	740		
White	213	917	4,634	898	1,221,860	853		
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	73	880	2,287	812	2,779,680	737		
English Learners	57	904	1,118	817	1,530,297	716		
Students with Disabilities	34	720	1,092	744	530,935	607		

Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2012-13)

Schools and districts receiving Federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (English/language arts or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP.

For detailed information about PI identification, see the CDE PI Status Determinations Web page: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/tidetermine.asp.

Federal Intervention Programs				
	School	District		
Program Improvement (PI) Status	Not in PI	In PI		
First Year in PI	-	2012-2013		
Year in PI (2012-13)	-	Year 1		
# of Schools Currently in PI	-	3		
% of Schools Identified for PI	-	17.65%		

California Standards Test

The California Standards Test (CST), a component of the STAR Program, is administered to all students in the spring to assess student performance in relation to the State Content Standards. Student scores are reported as performance levels: Advanced (exceeds state standards), Proficient (meets standards), Basic (approaching standards), Below Basic (below standards), and Far Below Basic (well below standards).

The first table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) in English/language arts, mathematics, social science, and science, for the most recent three-year period.

The second table displays the percent of students, by group, achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) for the most recent testing period.

California Standards Test (CST)									
Subject	School		District		State				
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
English/Language Arts	76	81	81	71	72	75	52	54	56
Mathematics	85	85	85	70	72	74	48	50	51
Science	76	80	78	73	74	79	54	57	60
History/Social Science	*	*	*	64	71	77	44	48	49

^{*}Scores are not disclosed when fewer than 10 students are tested in a grade level and/or subgroup.

California Standards Test (CST) Subgroups				
Subject	English/ Language Arts	Mathematics	Science	History/ Social Science
District	75	74	79	77
School	81	85	78	*
African American/ Black	*	*	*	*
American Indian	*	*	*	*
Asian	89	92	*	*
Filipino	86	76	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	74	81	50	*
Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*
White	81	87	83	*
Males	77	85	88	*
Females	84	84	70	*
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	70	82	71	*
English Learners	76	78	*	*
Students with Disabilities	49	49	*	*
Migrant Education	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	*	*	*	*

^{*}Scores are not disclosed when fewer than 10 students are tested in a grade level and/or subgroup.

For detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, see the CDE STAR Results Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov.

Physical Fitness (School Year 2011-12)

In the spring of each year, Roseville City Elementary Schools are required by the state to administer a physical fitness test to all students in grades five and seven. The physical fitness test is a standardized evaluation that tracks the development of high-quality fitness programs and assists students in establishing physical activity as part of their daily lives. Results of student performance are compared to other students statewide who took the test.

Percentage of Students in Healthy Fitness Zone				
2011-12				
Grade Level	Four of Six Standards	Five of Six Standards	Six of Six Standards	
5	12.8%	35.9%	50.0%	

^{*}Scores are not disclosed when fewer than 10 students are tested in a grade level and/or subgroup.

Adequate Yearly Progress (School Year 2011-12)

No Child Left Behind (NCLB) is a federal law enacted in January 2002 that reauthorized the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). It mandates that all students (including students who are economically disadvantaged, are from racial or ethnic minority groups, have disabilities, or have limited English proficiency) in all grades meet the state academic achievement standards for Mathematics and English/Language Arts by 2014. Schools must demonstrate "Adequate Yearly Progress" (AYP) toward achieving that goal. The federal NCLB Act requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) requirements:

- · Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in English/Language Arts (ELA) and Mathematics.
- · Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and Mathematics.
- · API as an additional indicator.
- · Graduation rate (for secondary schools).

There are several consequences for schools that do not meet the AYP standards, including additional tutoring and replacing of staff. Students would also be allowed to transfer to schools (within their district) that have met their AYP's, and the former school would be required to provide the transportation to the new site. Results of school and district performance are displayed in the chart.

Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)				
_	School		Dis	trict
Made AYP Overall	No		N	lo
Met AYP Criteria	English - Language Arts	Mathematics	English - Language Arts	Mathematics
Participation Rate	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Percent Proficient	No	Yes	Yes	No
API School Results	Yes		Ye	es
Graduation Rate	N/A		N	/A

Teacher & Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2010-11)

The table displays district salaries for teachers, principals, and superintendents, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. The table also displays teacher and administrative salaries as a percent of the districts budget, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. Detailed information regarding salaries may be found at the CDE Web site.

Average Salary Information				
Teachers - Principal - Superintendent				
2010)-11			
	District	State		
Beginning Teachers	\$35,414	\$41,246		
Mid-Range Teachers	\$69,115	\$67,400		
Highest Teachers	\$80,472	\$85,481		
Elementary School Principals	\$103,570	\$107,739		
Middle School Principals	\$114,895	\$111,540		
High School Principals	-	\$110,146		
Superintendent	\$174,852	\$180,572		
Salaries as a Percentage of Total Budget				
Teacher Salaries	47.6%	42.2%		
Administrative Salaries	5.2%	5.5%		

School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2010-11)

The chart illustrates the average teacher salary at the school and compares it to the average teacher salary at the district and state (based on FY 2009-10 financial statements).

Average Teacher Salaries				
School & District				
School	\$62,102			
District	\$67,088			
Percentage of Variation	-7.44%			
School & State				
All Elementary School Districts	\$69,404			
Percentage of Variation	-10.53%			

District Expenditures (Fiscal Year 2010-11)

Roseville City Elementary spent an average of \$6597.77 to educate each student (based on 2009-10 FY audited financial statements). The table provides a comparison of a school's per pupil funding from unrestricted sources with other schools in the district and throughout the state.

Expenditures per Pupil				
School				
Total Expenditures Per Pupil	\$6,149			
From Supplemental/Restricted Sources	\$1,438			
From Basic/Unrestricted Sources	\$4,712			
District				
From Basic/Unrestricted Sources	\$5,000			
Percentage of Variation between School & District	-5.76%			
State				
From Basic/Unrestricted Sources	\$5,455			
Percentage of Variation between School & State	-13.63%			

Supplemental/Restricted expenditures come from money whose use is controlled by law or donor. Money designated for specific purposes by the district or governing board is not considered restricted. Basic/unrestricted expenditures, except for general guidelines, is not controlled by law or donor.

For detailed information on school expenditures for all districts in California, see the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/. For information on teacher salaries for all districts in California, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. To look up expenditures and salaries for a specific school district, see the Ed-Data Web site at: http://www.ed-data.org.

Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2011-12)

Before and after school math interventions were provided using school improvement funds. School improvement funds also support a Response to Intervention model. Funds are used to purchase research-based intervention materials in the areas of reading, writing, English Language Learners and math.

Data Sources

Data within the SARC was provided by Roseville City Elementary School District, retrieved from the 2011-12 SARC template, located on Dataquest (http://data1.cde.ca.gov/dataquest), and/or Ed-Data website.

Dataquest is a search engine, maintained by the California Department of Education (CDE), which allows the public to search for facts and figures pertaining to schools and districts throughout the state. Among the data available, parents and community may find information about school performance, test scores, student demographics, staffing, and student misconduct/intervention. Ed-Data is a partnership of the CDE, EdSource, and the Fiscal Crisis and Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) that provides extensive financial, demographic, and performance information about California's public kindergarten through grade twelve school districts and schools.

